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CRM: A reference material characterized by a metrologically valid procedure for one or more specified properties, accompanied by a reference material certificate that provides the value of the specified property, its associated uncertainty, and a statement of metrological traceability.

A complete listing of ERA's CRMs can be found on our Scope of Accreditation for general requirements for competence of reference material producers available at www.eraqc.com/AboutERA/Accreditations.

PT: A Proficiency Test (PT) is an analysis of what is often referred to as a blind sample or a sample with unknown concentrations of analytes for the purpose of evaluating a laboratory's analytical performance.

QR: Similar to a Proficiency Test, a QuiK Response (QR) is a sample with unknown concentrations. However, unlike a scheduled PT, QR is on-demand and available at any time. Plus, your results are returned within two business days. QuiK Response can be used as a bilateral PT as referenced in the IUPAC/CITAC guide: Selection and use of PT schemes for a limited number of participants – chemical analytical labs.

RM: A material, sufficiently homogeneous and stable with respect to one or more specified properties, which has been established to be fit for its intended use in a measurement process.

All Waters ERA WS PTs open monthly (M), quarterly (Q), or biannually (B) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October. Biannual months are January and July.

Minerals/Solids

Hardness

CRM PT QR
Cat. #693 Cat. #555 M Cat. #693QR

One 250 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

Calcium	30-90 mg/L
Calcium hardness as CaCO ₃	75-225 mg/L
Total hardness as CaCO ₃	83-307 mg/L
Magnesium	
Sodium	12-50 mg/L

Inorganics

CRM PT QR Cat. #698 Cat. #591 M

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze. The CRM is also certified for sodium at 10–400 mg/L. For a sodium PT, order Hardness, Cat. #555.

Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	25-200 mg/L
Chloride	
Fluoride	1-8 mg/L
Nitrate as N	3-10 mg/L
Nitrate plus nitrite as N	3-10 mg/L
Potassium	10-40 mg/L
Specific conductance at 25 °C	130-1300 µmhos/cm
Sulfate	
Total dissolved solids (TDS) at 180 °C	100-1000 mg/L

Solids Concentrate

CRM PT QR
Cat. #5152 Cat. #5150 M Cat. #5152QR

One 24 mL screw-cap vial with a powder yields 1 liter after dilution.

Total filterable residue (TDS) at 180 °C	100-1000 mg/L
Total solids (TS) at 105 °C	123-1100 mg/L
Total suspended solids (TSS)	



Trace Metals

Metals

CRM PT QR Cat. #697 Cat. #590 M

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with ICP-OES, ICP-MS, and AA methods.

Aluminum	130-1000 μg/L
AluminumAntimonyArsenic	6-50 μg/L
Arsenic	5-50 μg/L
Barium	500-3000 μg/L
BariumBeryllium	2-20 μg/L
Boron	800-2000 μg/L
Cadmium	2-50 μg/L
Chromium	10-200 μg/L
Boron	50-2000 μg/L
Iron	100_1800.ug/l
Lead	5-100 μg/L
Manganese	40-900 μg/L
Molybdenum	15-130 μg/L
Nickel	10-500 μg/L
Selenium	10-100 µg/L
Silver	20-300 ug/l
Thallium	2-10 μg/L
Vanadium	50-1000 μg/L
Zinc	200-2000 µg/L

Mercury

CRM PT QR Cat. #666 CAt. #551

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Use with CVAA, ICP-MS, or CVAFS methods.

Total mercury ______ 0.5–10 μg/L

Hexavalent Chromium

CRM PT QR Cat. #658 Cat. #854 Q

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

Hexavalent chromium _____5-50 µg/L

Uranium

CRM PT QR Cat. #930 Cat. #930QR

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with ICP-MS methods.

Uranium.......3-104 µg/L

Vanadium

CRM PT QR
Cat. #660 Cat. #856 Cat. #660QR

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Designed to meet California ELAP requirements.

Vanadium_____5-50 µg/L

Disinfection By-Products

Chloral Hydrate

CRM Cat. #676

Cat. #853



QR Cat. #676OR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Method 551, or other applicable method. Includes chloral hydrate at 4-30 μg/L.

B Waters ERA WS Chloral Hydrate PTs open in January and July.

Haloacetic Acids (HAA)

CRM Cat. #684

Cat. #852

QR Cat. #6840R

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Method 552, or other applicable method. Includes all the analytes below at 5-50 µg/L.

Bromochloroacetic acid Dibromoacetic acid

Dichloroacetic acid Monobromoacetic acid Monochloroacetic acid Trichloroacetic acid

Inorganic Disinfection #1

Cat. #5272

Cat. #5270

M

QR Cat. #5272QR

One 24 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 4 liters after dilution.

... 60-180 µg/L ..100-1000 µg/L Chlorite...

Inorganic Disinfection #2

CRM Cat. #5262

Cat. #5260

M

QR Cat. #5262QR

One 24 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 4 liters after dilution.

Bromate. ...7-50 ug/L Bromide. ...50-300 µg/L

Nutrients

Ammonia as N

CRM Cat. #1359

Cat. #1319

QR Cat. #1359QR

.0.1-1 mg/L

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yeilds up to 1 liter after dilution.

B Waters ERA WS Ammonia as N PTs open in January and July.

Nitrite

CRM Cat. #695

PT Cat. #594

QR Cat. #695OR

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

Nitrite as N0.4-2 mg/L

o-Phosphate Nutrients

CRM Cat. #667 Cat. #558

QR Cat. #6670R

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

ortho-Phosphate as P0.5-5.5 mg/L

Miscellaneous Inorganic

Residual Chlorine

CRM Cat. #696 Cat. #593

QR Cat. #696QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

Total residual chlorine.. .0.5-3 mg/L Free residual chlorine. _0.5-3 mg/L

Cyanide

CRM Cat. #983 Cat. #556

QR Cat. #983QR

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Source material is free cyanide.

Free cyanide. ...0.1-0.5 ma/L Total cyanide. ...0.1-0.5 mg/L Cyanide. ...0.1-0.5 mg/L

CRM - Certified Reference Material

PT - Proficiency Testing

QR - QuiK Response

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Miscellaneous Inorganic (continued)

Organic Carbon PT **CRM** QR Cat. #557 Cat. #669QR One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Total organic carbon. ...1.3-13 mg/L Dissolved organic carbon... ...1.3-13 mg/L

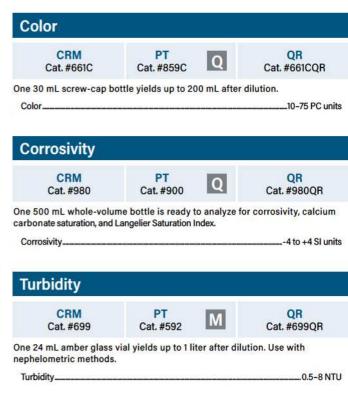
CRM	PT O	QR
Cat. #910	Cat. #903	Cat. #910QR

QR Cat. #779QR

CRM	PT	Q	QR
Cat. #785	Cat. #902		Cat. #785QR
One 60 mL poly bottle y			

CRM	PT	OR
Cat. #784	Cat. #901	Cat. #784QR

Physical Property







Silica

Volatile Organics

1,4-Dioxane

CRM Cat. #689

Cat. #272

QR Cat. #689QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields 500 mL after dilution. Use with EPA method 522.

1,4-Dioxane

Gasoline Additives

CRM Cat. #909 Cat. #905

0

QR Cat. #909QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Method 524.2, or other applicable method for gasoline additives/oxygenates. Contains all of the analytes below at 5-50 µg/L.

tert-Butyl alcohol Di-isopropylether (DIPE)

tert-Amyl methyl ether (TAME) Ethyl tert-butyl ether (ETBE) Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) (Freon 11)

Trichlorofluoromethane Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)

Halomethanes (THMs)

CRM Cat. #702

PT Cat. #842

M

QR Cat. #702OR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 502.2, 524.2, 551, or other applicable method. Contains all of the analytes below at 5-50 µg/L.

Bromodichloromethane Bromoform

Chlorodibromomethane

Chloroform

Regulated Volatiles

CRM Cat. #703

Cat. #840

OR Cat. #703QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 502.2, 524.2, or other applicable method. Contains all of the analytes below at

Benzene

Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene 1.2-Dichlorobenzene

1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichloroethane 1.1-Dichloroethylene

cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene trans-1.2-Dichloroethylene 1.2-Dichloropropane Ethylbenzene

Methylene chloride Styrene Tetrachloroethylene Toluene

1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene 1.1.1-Trichloroethane 1.1.2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Vinyl chloride Xvlenes, total

Unregulated Volatiles

CRM Cat. #683

PT Cat. #841



QR Cat. #683OR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 502.2, 524.2, or other applicable method. Contains at least 60% of the analytes randomly selected from the list below at 2-50 µg/L.

Bromobenzene Bromochloromethane Bromomethane n-Butylbenzene sec-Butylbenzene tert-Butylbenzene

Chloroethane Chloromethane 2-Chlorotoluene 4-Chlorotoluene

Dibromomethane

1.3-Dichlorobenzene Dichlorodifluoromethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,3-Dichloropropane 2,2-Dichloropropane 1,1-Dichloropropene cis-1,3-Dichloropropene trans-1,3 Dichloropropene Fluorotrichloromethane

Hexachlorobutadiene

Isopropylbenzene

4-Isopropyltoluene Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) Naphthalene n-Propylbenzene 1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane 1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene

CRM - Certified Reference Material

PT - Proficiency Testing

QR - QuiK Response

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Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)

PFAS in Drinking Water



CRM Cat. #733

PT Cat. #959



QR Cat. #733QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 1.5 L after dilution. The sample is designed for LC/MS/MS methods for analyzing potable water, specifically EPA Methods 533, 537 and 537.1. The diluted standard is certified for the 32 analytes listed below.

listed below.	
Perfluorobutanoic acid, PFBA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluoropentanoic acid , PFPeA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorohexanoic acid, PFHxA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluoroheptanoic acid, PFHpA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorooctanoic acid, PFOA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorononanoic acid, PFNA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorodecanoic acid, PFDA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluoroundecanoic acid, PFUdA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorododecanoic acid, PFDoA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorotridecanoic acid, PFTrDA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid, PFTeDA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid, PFBS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid, PFPeS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid, PFHxS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid, PFHpS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid, PFOS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid, PFNS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid, PFDS	20-200 ng/L
4:2 fluorotelomersulfonic acid, 4:2 FTS	20-200 ng/L
6:2 fluorotelomersulfonic acid, 6:2 FTS	20-200 ng/L
8:2 fluorotelomersulfonic acid, 8:2 FTS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorooctanesulfonamide, PFOSA	20-200 ng/L
N-ethyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid, NEtFOSAA	20-200 ng/L
N-methyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid, NMeFOSAA	20-200 ng/L
Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid, HFPO-DA	20-200 ng/L
4,8-dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid, ADONA	20-200 ng/L
9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanonane-1-sulfonic acid, 9Cl-PF3ONS	20-200 ng/L
11-chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid, 11Cl-PF3OUdS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluoro-4-methoxybutanoic acid, PFMBA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluoro-3-methoxypropanoic acid, PFMPA	
Perfluoro(2-ethoxyethane) sulfonic acid, PFEESA	
Nonafluoro-3,6-dioxaheptanoic acid, NFDHA	20-200 ng/L

Pesticides

Pesticides

CRM Cat. #709

Cat. #850

M

QR Cat. #709QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 505, 507, 508, 525, or other applicable method for organochlorine, nitrogen, and organophosphorus pesticides. Each standard contains at least 14 analytes randomly selected from the list below at 0.2–20 $\mu g/L$.

Alachlor Aldrin Atrazine Bromacil Butachlor Diazinon Dieldrin Endrin Heptachlor
Heptachlor epoxide (beta)
Hexachlorobenzene
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
Lindane (gamma-BHC)
Methoxychlor
Metolachlor

Metribuzin
Molinate (ordram)
Prometon
Propachlor
Simazine
Thiobencarb
Trifluralin

Carbamate/Carbamoxyloxime Pesticides

CRM Cat. #707

PT Cat. #846 M

QR Cat. #707QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 531.1, 531.2, 632, or other applicable method. Each standard contains at least 8 of the analytes below at 15–150 μ g/L.

Aldicarb Aldicarb sulfone Aldicarb sulfoxide Baygon Carbaryl Carbofuran 3-Hydroxycarbofuran Methiocarb Methomyl Oxamyl

Chlordane

CRM Cat. #705 PT Cat. #845 М

QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 505, 508, 525, or other applicable method. Each standard contains technical chlordane at 2–20 μ g/L.

Toxaphene

CRM Cat. #700 PT Cat. #844 М

QR Cat. #700QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 505, 508, 525, or other applicable method. Each standard contains toxaphene at 2–20 $\mu g/L$.

Tackle Your Most Stringent PFAS Limits and Get Ready to Conquer Your Analytical Challenges With the Waters LC-MS/MS Workflow Solutions



From sample prep to outcome-based professional services training and proficiency testing, Waters is committed to revolutionizing your PFAS analysis. Partner with Waters PFAS experts to strengthen your analytical game plan and achieve detection limits as precise as singe-digit ppq with the Xevo™ TQ Absolute. Safeguard your analysis against contamination and control interference with our PFAS LC kits and Oasis™ WAX SPE.



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SCAIN IVIL

Pesticides (continued)

EDB/DBCP/TCP

CRM Cat. #706 PT Cat. #847 M

QR Cat. #706QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 504, 551, or other applicable method. Each lot contains all analytes below at $0.05-2~\mu g/L$.

1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) Ethylene dibromide (EDB) 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (1,2,3-TCP)

Low-Level 1,2,3-TCP

CRM Cat. #682 PT Cat. #596 В

QR Cat. #682OR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields 100 mL after dilution. Use with California method SRL 524M, or other applicable method. Each standard contains 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (TCP) at 5–100 ng/L after dilution.

B Low-Level 1,2,3-TCP available in January and July.

Semivolatile Organics

Dioxin

CRM Cat. #663

PT Cat. #857 Q

QR Cat. #663QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 613, 1613, 8280, 8290, or other applicable method. Each standard contains 2,3,7,8-TCDD at 20–100 pg/L.

PCBs as Decachlorobiphenyl

CRM Cat. #708

Cat. #839

Q

QR Cat. #708QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Quantitative Method 508A. This standard can also be used for aroclor identification and quantification using EPA Methods 505, 508, 508.1, or other applicable method. Includes an aroclor randomly selected from the list below at 0.5–5 μ g/L as decachlorobiphenyl.

Aroclor 1016 Aroclor 1221 Aroclor 1232 Aroclor 1242 Aroclor 1248 Aroclor 1254 Aroclor 1260

Semivolatile Organics (continued)

Semivolatiles #1

CRM Cat. #690 PT Cat. #848 M

QR Cat. #690QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 506, 525, 550, or other applicable method for PAHs, phthalates, and adipates. Each standard contains benzo(a)pyrene, bis(2-ethylhexyl)adipate, and bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate plus at least 13 additional analytes, selected from the list below, at 0.2–50 µg/L.

Acenaphthene
Acenaphthylene
Anthracene
Benzo(a)anthracene
Benzo(b)fluoranthene
Benzo(k)fluoranthene
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene

Benzo(a)pyrene

Butyl benzyl phthalate Chyrsene Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Di-n-butyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Dimethyl phthalate Di-n-octyl phthalate bis(2-Ethylhexyl)adipate bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate Fluoranthene Fluorene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Naphthalene Phenanthrene Pyrene

Naphthalene is not within the EPA/NELAC range. Use the Unregulated Volatiles standard (page 27 for this compound in the EPA/NELAC range.

Herbicides

Chlorinated Acid Herbicides

CRM Cat. #704

Cat. #851

M

QR Cat. #704QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 515.1, 515.2, 515.3, 515.4, 555, or other applicable method. All lots include at least 10 analytes from the list below at 1–120 μ g/L.

Acifluorfen Bentazon Chloramben

24-D

2.4-DB

Dalapon Dicamba 3,5-Dichlorobenzoic acid Dichlorprop 4-Nitrophenol Pentachlorophenol Picloram 2,4,5-T

2,4,5-TP (silvex)

Dacthal diacid (DCPA)

Semivolatiles #2 Herbicides

CRM Cat. #691

PT Cat. #849

Dinoseb

M

QR Cat. #691QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 547, 548, 549, or other applicable method. Each standard contains all the analytes below at $8-800 \mu g/L$.

Diquat Endothall Glyphosate

Paraguat

CRM - Certified Reference Material PT - Proficiency Testing

QR - QuiK Response

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Evolution in Dioxin Analysis Technology

Waters provides industry leading technology to address complex environmental challenges affecting human health.

Dioxin analysis is particularly demanding due to low level regulatory exposure limits and complex sample matrices. With the adoption of atmospheric pressure chemical ionization with tandem mass spectrometry (APCI-MS/MS) as an acceptable alternative, your operational efficiency and analytical quality will improve as you experience:

- Improved robustness and sensitivity for increased productivity
- Improvements in sample preparation efficiency
- Versatile system capable of enhanced operation for SVOC and other analyses
- Widely compatible with carrier gas options including nitrogen

