

Atmospheric Pollution

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Atmospheric Pollution

Industrial combustion and other kind of processes are susceptible to produce various contaminants which have been demonstrated to be or could be harmful to health and the environment. Control of these emissions permits to manage its environmental impact, demonstrating compliance with established legislative limits and avoiding penalties and adverse publicity.

European legislation (Directive 96/61/EC and 2008/1/EC version) states that emissions of static points as chimneys must be controlled so as to prevent or reduce such emissions and analytical controls are intended to control these emissions.

The material used is similar to that usually found in laboratories for such tests and consists of two types of supports, filters and impinger solutions. In the former, all the possible contaminations related to particles are studied and in the impinger solutions those pollutants in gaseous state are collected. The preparation and analysis of the established parameters are based on international regulations that allow rounds to be offered according to the needs of the laboratories (UNE-EN 12341: 2015, UNE-EN 13284-1: 2018 and UNE-EN 14902: 2006).



Stack Emissions: Physical-chemical [ref. 990008]





Round I	Round II	Round III
Week 10 4th March 2024	Week 19 6th May 2024	Week 39 23 rd September 2024
Filter:	Filter:	Filter:
Arsenic	Antimony	Copper
Cobalt	Cadmium	Lead
Manganese	Chromium	Selenium
Nickel	Mercury	Thallium
Vanadium	Tin	Zinc
Immission filters:		Immission filters:
Arsenic		Arsenic
Cadmium		Cadmium
Lead		Lead
Nickel		Nickel
Impinger solution:	Impinger solution:	Impinger solution:
Antimony	Chromium	Cobalt
Arsenic	Formaldehyde* New	Nickel
Cadmium	Hydrochloric acid (HCI)	Sulphur dioxide (SO ₂)
Copper	Lead	Thallium
Hydrofluoric acid (HF)	Manganese	Zinc
• ,	Vanadium	

^{*} Parameter not included in the scope of accreditation